

Republic of the Philippines  
MUNICIPALITY OF MONCADA  
Province of Tarlac  
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**EXCERPTS FROM THE MINUTES OF THE REGULAR SESSION OF THE  
SANGGUNIANG BAYAN HELD ON THE 15<sup>th</sup> DAY OF MAY 2003 AT THE  
LEGISLATIVE BUILDING.**

**P R E S E N T:**

VICE-MAYOR JAIME O. DUQUE

..PRESIDING OFFICER

Coun. LORETA M. UYCOCO

.. Pro-Tempore

Coun. CATALINO C. AGANAN, JR.

.. Member

Coun. ALBERTO F. MORALES

.. Member

Coun. JULITA L. ESPEJO

.. Member

Coun. JUAN E. CORPUZ

.. Member

Coun. ZOSIMO B. CUCHAPIN

.. Member

Coun. WARLY P. OCAMPO

.. Member

Coun. TEDDY G. VILLANOS

.. Member

Liga Pres. ISABEL M. AFANTE

.. Ex-Officio Member

SK PRES. DIANA PRINCESS B. OBILLO

.. Ex-Officio Member

**A B S E N T:            N O N E**

**RESOLUTION NO. 30-2003**

On motion presented by COUN. LORETA M. UYCOCO and unanimously seconded;

RESOLVED, to approve & adopt, as it is hereby approved and adopted, Resolution No. 46-2003 containing therein Ordinance No. 4, to wit:

**“AN ORDINANCE PROVIDING FOR THE QUARATINE OF SUSPECTED SARS-INFECTED PERSON, IMPOSING SANCTIONS FOR VIOLATION THEREFORE, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.”**

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE SANGGUNINANG BAYAN OF MONCADA, TARLAC, PHILIPPINES;**

Section 1. Title- This shall be known as the **“ANTI-SARS ORDINANCE OF 2003.”**

Section 2. Declaration of Policy. It is declared a policy that local government units shall promote and ensure the protection of the health and safety of its inhabitants from all forms of diseases, especially those of epidemic proportions.

Based on the report of the World Health Organizations (WHO), the SARS virus has caused an alarming number of deaths in about twenty-seven (27) countries believed to be SARS affected or suspected of having probable cases of SARS. On the other hand, the Department of Health (DOH) has declared that SARS virus is now in the country and is classified as quarantinable disease because of its highly contagious nature and considering the danger it poses to public health.

As such and pursuant to their powers under Sec. 16 % 17 of the Local Government Code, it is imperative that Local Government Units (LGUs) take measures in order to prevent, abort and/or minimize the entry and spread of said disease in their respective localities, and to provide mechanism for the quarantine of residents who are suspected to have been infected with the deadly virus.

Section 3. Definition of Terms- For the purposes of this Ordinance, the terms hereunder mentioned shall be defined as follows:

- a) SARS- Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome also known as a typical pneumonia. It is caused by a new form of corona virus related to the virus which causes flu. A confirmed case of SARS is one who has fever of more than 8 degrees centigrade, develops body weakness, and respiratory signs and symptoms like cough, sore throat and shortness of health and had travel to SARS infected countries or had close contact with a confirmed SARS infected victim. A suspected case is one who has lived with cared for, or closely worked with a confirmed case and who also develops cough, sore throat and shortness of breath.
- b) QUARANTINE- Detention or isolation for the purpose of preventing the spread of epidemic diseases.

Section 4. Quarantine of Suspected SARS Victim- Pursuant to Executive Order No. 201 of the President, any individual who is identified or determined by the DOH of the Local Health Officials to be suffering from the symptoms of the SARS virus, shall be required to undergo testing and be quarantined in either the San Lazaro Hospital in Manila or the Research Institute for Tropical medicine in Muntinlupa or in such other places/institutions that may be designated as quarantine areas by the DOH or the Local Health Officials until such time that the DOH issues as SARS negative clearance.

All family members and/or other persons who have been in contact with the suspected SARS victims shall be required to undergo home confinement or be quarantined in places/institution as may be designated quarantine areas by the DOH on the Local health authorities until such time that the DOH issues as SARS negative clearance

While under quarantine, suspected SARS victims shall be prevented from making personal contact with other individuals except the medical personnel treating them, until a SARS negative clearance is issued for their discharge from quarantine.

For the effective implementation of this provision, the (governor/city mayor, municipal mayor) may call in the local PNP to ensure that the above persons shall remain in quarantine or in their area of confinement until the necessary clearance is issued by the DOH.

Section 5. Other Preventive Measures Against The Spread of SARS,- In order to prevent the entry and spread of SARS in the community, the (governor/city mayor/municipal mayor) shall adopt measures against the spread of SARS to include but not limited to the following:

- a) The conduct of massive information drive to raise the consciousness of the constituents on SARS and how it could affect their day-to-day activities.

The information drive may be in the form of fliers, leaflets, and other information materials on SARS prevention for distribution to the public through the help of barangay health workers, other officials and members of the Barangay, public and private school teachers, officials and members of the Sangguniang Kabataan, and members of non-government organizations in the area. Owners of

cinemas may also be requested to allow the showing infomercial on SARS preventive measures for a certain period, as maybe agreed upon.

- b) Mandatory requirement to all personnel and staff of public or private hospitals to wear personal protective equipment each as masks and apparel while on duty.
- c) Mandatory requirement to all owners/proprietors/administrators of private establishments, including private hospitals, to formulate their own safety measures to protect their employees and the general public from the threat brought about by SARS and inform the (provincial/city/municipal government) of their SARS preventive plan.
- d) Mandatory requirement to crematoriums and/or funeral and embalming establishments to provide for the immediate cremation/burial of any person confirmed or suspected to have died of SARS. These establishments are further required to coordinate with the DOH and/or local health authorities in formulating measures for the safe handling of the remains of persons confirmed or suspected to have died of SARS.
- e) The conduct of clean-up drive in the barangays, regularly but not less than once a week, to include households, esteros, rivers and riverbanks, drainage, streets, alleys, pathways and other public places. All barangay officials shall be required to take the lead in the massive clean-up operations in the barangay.

The (Governor/ City Mayor/Municipal Mayor) may promulgate or issue such other rules and regulations consistent with this Ordinance.

Section 6. Funding- The appropriate funding needed for the implementation of this Ordinance shall be taken from the funds of the (Province/City/Municipality), the Calamity Fund of the (Province/City/Municipality) may be utilized subject. However, to existing guidelines, prescribed under the rules and regulations and other issuances implementing Republic Act N0. 8185, governing the allocation and utilization of the local calamity fund.

Section 7. Sanctions- Any person who violate the requirement for home confinement as provided for in the second paragraph of Section 4 hereof, shall be subject to forced confinement in any of the quarantine areas designated by the DOH, until the necessary clearance is issued by the latter.

Any crematorium or funeral or embalming establishments offering cremation services who refuse to cremate any person confirmed or suspected to have died from SARS shall be subject to closure and cancellation of their business and mayor's permit in addition, the owners, proprietors and/or managers of the said establishments shall be penalized with a fine of not exceeding Five Thousand Pesos (P 5,000.00) (in case a city) Two Thousand Pesos (P 2,000.00) (in case of a municipality) or an imprisonment for a period not exceeding one (1) year (in case of a city) Six Months (in case of a municipality), or both in the discretion of the Court (in case of a city).

Section 8. Separation Clause- If any provision of this Ordinance is declared invalid or unconstitutional, other parts or provisions thereof, which are not affected thereby, shall remain in full force and effect.

Section 9. Repealing Clause- All Ordinances found to be inconsistent with this Ordinance are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

Section 10. Effectivity- This Ordinance shall take effect immediately after its posting in three (3) prominent places and publication for three (3) consecutive weeks in a local newspaper of general circulation.

Adopted this 15<sup>th</sup> day of May 2003 at Moncada, Tarlac.

RESOLVED FINALLY, that copies of this Resolution be furnished all concerned for their information and guidance.

APPROVED.

I hereby certify to the correctness of the foregoing resolution.

**(SGD) ERWIN A. ESPEJO**  
SB Secretary

ATTESTED BY:

**(SGD) HON. JAIME O. DUQUE**  
MUN. VICE-MAYOR & PRESIDING OFFICER

APPROVED:

**(SGD) ESTELITA M. AQUINO**  
Municipal Mayor